

Pilots' Checklist

SkyLane

Model 182T NAV III AVIONICS OPTION



THIS CHECKLIST IS CURRENT WITH MODEL 182T NAV III POH FAA APPROVED U.S. PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK REVISION 3, DATED 19 JULY, 2005. (PART NUMBER 182TPHAUS-03)

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REVISION 1

19 JULY 2005

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LANDING

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EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

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AIRSPEEDS

AIRSPEEDS FOR EMERGENCY OPERATIONS

Wing Flaps Up 75 KIAS Wing Flaps 10° - FULL 70 KIAS		
MANEUVERING SPEED		
3100 POUNDS		
2600 POUNDS		
2100 POUNDS		
MAXIMUM GLIDE		
3100 POUNDS	1	
2000 FOUNDS	1	
2100 POUNDS		
PRECAUTIONARY LANDING WITH ENGINE POWER 70 KIAS		
LANDING WITHOUT ENGINE POWER		
Wing Flaps Up	1	

ENGINE All LIRE

ANDINGS

LANDINGS/

GUIDANCE

E-3

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Procedures in the Emergency Procedures Checklist portion of this section shown in **bold-faced** type are immediate action items which should be committed to memory.

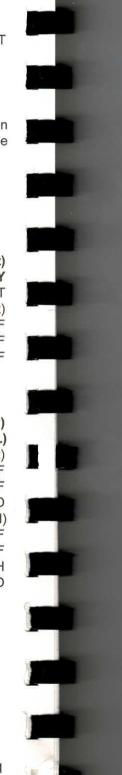
ENGINE FAILURES

ENGINE FAILURE DURING TAKEOFF ROLL

1.	Throttle Control IDLE (pull full out)
2.	Brakes APPLY
3.	Wing Flaps RETRACT
	Mixture Control IDLE CUT OFF (pull full out)
5.	MAGNETOS Switch OFF
6.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
7.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF

ENGINE FAILURE IMMEDIATELY AFTER TAKEOFF

1.	Airspeed
_	
2.	Mixture Control IDLE CUT OFF (pull full out)
3.	FUEL SELECTOR Valve PUSH DOWN and ROTATE TO OFF
4.	MAGNETOS Switch OFF
5.	
	(FULL recommended)
6.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
7.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF
8.	Cabin DoorUNLATCH
9.	LandSTRAIGHT AHEAD



ENGINE FAILURE DURING FLIGHT (RESTART PROCEDURES)

1.	Airspeed
2.	FUEL SELECTOR Valve BOTH
3.	FUEL PUMP SwitchON
4.	Mixture Control RICH (if restart has not occurred)
5.	MAGNETOS Switch BOTH (or START if
	propeller is stopped)

NOTE

If propeller is windmilling, engine will restart automatically within a few seconds. If propeller has stopped (possible at low speeds), turn MAGNETOS switch to START, advance throttle slowly from idle, and lean the mixture from full rich as required to obtain smooth operation.

6. FUEL PUMP Switch. OFF

NOTE

If the indicated fuel flow (FFLOW GPH) immediately drops to zero, a sign of failure of the engine-driven fuel pump, return the FUEL PUMP Switch to the ON position.

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FORCED LANDINGS

EMERGENCY LANDING WITHOUT ENGINE POWER

Passenger Seat Backs MOST UPRIGHT POSITION
Seats and Seat Belts SECURE
Airspeed
70 KIAS (Flaps 10° - FULL)
Mixture Control IDLE CUT OFF
FUEL SELECTOR Valve PUSH DOWN and ROTATE TO OFF
MAGNETOS Switch
Wing Flaps
(FULL recommended)
STBY BATT Switch OFF
MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF
(when landing is assured)
Doors UNLATCH PRIOR TO TOUCHDOWN
Touchdown
Brakes APPLY HEAVILY

PRECAUTIONARY LANDING WITH ENGINE POWER

1,	Passenger Seat Backs MOST UPRIGHT POSITION
2.	Seats and Seat Belts SECURE
3.	Airspeed
4.	Wing Flaps
5.	Selected Field FLY OVER
	(noting terrain and obstructions)
6.	Wing Flaps
7.	Airspeed
8.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
9.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF
10.	Doors UNLATCH PRIOR TO TOUCHDOWN
11.	Touchdown
12.	Mixture Control
13.	MAGNETOS SwitchOFF
14.	Brakes APPLY HEAVILY

	1.	RadioTRANSMIT MAYDAY on 121.5 MHZ, (Give Location, Intentions and SQUAWK 7700)	
	2.	Heavy Objects (in baggage area) SECURE OR JETTISON	
	3.	(if possible) Passenger Seat Backs MOST UPRIGHT POSITION	
	4. 5.	Seats and Seat Belts	
	6.	Power ESTABLISH 300 FT/MIN DESCENT AT 65 KIAS	
	NOTE		
		If no power is available, approach at 70 KIAS with Flaps UP or at 65 KIAS with Flaps 10°.	
	7.	Approach	
		High Winds, Heavy Seas INTO THE WIND Light Winds, Heavy Swells PARALLEL TO SWELLS	
	8.	Cabin DoorsUNLATCH	
	9.	Touchdown LEVEL ATTITUDE AT ESTABLISHED	
		RATE-OF-DESCENT	
1	0.	Face CUSHION at touchdown with folded coat	
	1.	ELT ACTIVATE	
1	2.	Airplane EVACUATE THROUGH CABIN DOORS	
		If necessary, open window and flood cabin to equalize pressure so doors can be opened.	
1	3.	Life Vests and Raft INFLATE WHEN CLEAR OF AIRPLANE	

E-7

FIRES

DURING START ON GROUND

1.	MAGNETOS Switch	
IF I	ENGINE STARTS	
2. 3.	Power	
IF ENGINE FAILS TO START		
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	Throttle Control. FULL OPEN Mixture Control. IDLE CUT OFF MAGNETOS Switch START (continue cranking) FUEL SELECTOR Valve. PUSH DOWN and ROTATE TO OFF FUEL PUMP Switch OFF MAGNETOS Switch OFF STBY BATT Switch OFF MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF Engine SECURE Parking Brake RELEASE Fire Extinguisher OBTAIN (Have ground attendants obtain if not installed)	
13.	Airplane EVACUATE	
14.	Fire EXTINGUISH using fire extinguisher, wool blanket, or dirt	
15.	Fire Damage	
	(Repair damage or replace damaged components or wiring before conducting another flight)	

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ENGINE FIRE IN FLIGHT

1.	Mixture ControlIDLE CUT OFF
2.	FUEL SELECTOR Valve PUSH DOWN and ROTATE to OFF
3.	FUEL PUMP Switch OFF
4.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
5.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF
6.	Cabin Heat and Air OFF (except overhead vents)
7.	Airspeed
	(If fire is not extinguished, increase glide speed to find an airspeed, within airspeed limitations, which will provide an incombustible mixture)
8.	Forced Landing EXECUTE
	(Refer to EMERGENCY LANDING WITHOUT ENGINE POWER, page F-6)

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ELECTRICAL FIRE IN FLIGHT

	OFF
1.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
3.	WASTER Switch (ALI and BAT)
4.	Vents/Cabin Air/Heat
5.	AVIONICS Switch (BUS 1 and BUS 2)
6	All Other Switches (except MAGNETOS SWITCH)

WARNING

AFTER THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER HAS BEEN USED, MAKE SURE THAT THE FIRE IS EXTINGUISHED BEFORE EXTERIOR AIR IS USED TO REMOVE SMOKE FROM THE CABIN.

7. Vents/Cabin Air/Heat.....OPEN (When sure that fire is completely extinguished)

IF FIRE HAS BEEN EXTINGUISHED AND ELECTRICAL POWER IS NECESSARY FOR CONTINUED FLIGHT TO NEAREST SUITABLE AIRPORT OR LANDING AREA

	Circuit Breakers CHECK for OPEN circuit(s), DO NOT RESET
8	Circuit Breakers CHECK for Or El Gradier
9.	MASTER SWILL (ALL GIA
10	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) ON AVIONICS Switch (BUS 1) ON
10.	AVIONICS Switch (BUS 1)ON AVIONICS Switch (BUS 2)ON
11	AVIONICS SWILLI (BOS 2)

NAV III Avionics

Pilots' Checklist

CABIN FIRE

1.	STBY BATT Switch OFF
2.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT) OFF
3.	Vents/Cabin Air/Heat
	(to avoid drafts)
4.	Fire Extinguisher ACTIVATE
	(if available)

WARNING

AFTER THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER HAS BEEN USED, MAKE SURE THAT THE FIRE IS EXTINGUISHED BEFORE EXTERIOR AIR IS USED TO REMOVE SMOKE FROM THE CABIN.

5.	Vents/Cabin Air/Heat OP	EN
	(When sure that fire is completely extinguish	ec

6. Land the airplane as soon as possible to inspect for damage.

WING FIRE

1.	LAND and TAXI Light Switches	OFF
	NAV Light Switch	
3.	STROBE Light Switch	OFF
4.	PITOT HEAT Switch	OFF

NOTE

Perform a sideslip to keep the flames away from the fuel tank and cabin. Land as soon as possible using flaps only as required for final approach and touchdown.

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ICING

INADVERTENT ICING ENCOUNTER DURING FLIGHT

1. PITOT HEAT Switch.....ON

2. Turn back or change altitude to obtain an outside air temperature that is less conducive to icing.

3. Pull cabin heat control full out and rotate defroster control clockwise to obtain maximum defroster airflow.

4. Increase engine speed to minimize ice build-up on propeller blades. If excessive vibration is noted, momentarily reduce engine speed to 2200 RPM with the propeller control, and then rapidly move the control forward.

NOTE

Cycling the RPM flexes the propeller blades and high RPM increases centrifugal force, causing ice to shed more rapidly.

5. Watch for signs of induction air filter icing. A loss of manifold pressure could be caused by ice blocking the air intake filter. Adjust the throttle as necessary to hold manifold pressure. Adjust mixture, as necessary, for any change in power settings.

6. Plan a landing at the nearest airport. With an extremely rapid ice build-up, select a suitable "off airport" landing site.

7. With an ice accumulation of 0.25 inch or more on the wing leading edges, be prepared for significantly higher power requirements, higher approach and stall speeds, and a longer landing roll.

8. Leave wing flaps retracted. With a severe ice build-up on the horizontal tail, the change in wing wake airflow direction caused by wing flap extension could result in a loss of elevator effectiveness.

9. Open left window and, if practical, scrape ice from a portion of the windshield for visibility in the landing approach.

10. Perform a landing approach using a forward slip, if necessary, for improved visibility.

11. Approach at 80 to 90 KIAS depending upon the amount of the accumulation.

12. Perform a landing in level attitude.

13. Missed approaches should be avoided whenever possible because of severely reduced climb capability.



STATIC SOURCE BLOCKAGE (ERRONEOUS INSTRUMENT READING SUSPECTED)

1.	ALT STATIC AIR Valve PULL ON
2.	CABIN HT and CABIN AIR Knobs PULL ON
3.	Vents
4.	Airspeed
	Figure 5-1 (Sheet 2) Airspeed Calibration, Alternate Static Source.
5.	Altitude Refer to the POH, Section 5,
	Figure 5-2 Altimeter Correction, Alternate Static Source

EXCESSIVE FUEL VAPOR

FUEL FLOW STABILIZATION PROCEDURES

(If flow fluctuations of 1 GPH or more, or power surges occur.)

1.	FUEL PUMP Switch
2.	Mixture ADJUST AS NECESSARY
	(for smooth engine operation)
3.	Fuel Selector Valve SELECT OPPOSITE TANK
	(if vapor symptoms continue)
4.	FUEL PUMP SwitchOFF
	(after fuel flow has stabilized)

GHT ABNORMAL

PERF

E-13

ABNORMAL LANDINGS

LANDING WITH A FLAT MAIN TIRE

1.	ApproachNORMAL
2.	Wing Flaps
3.	Touchdown GOOD MAIN TIRE FIRST
	(Hold airplane off flat tire as long as possible with aileron control)
4.	Directional Control
	(Using brake on good wheel as required)

LANDING WITH A FLAT NOSE TIRE

1.	ApproachNORMAL
2.	Wing Flaps
	120 to 140 KIAS - Flaps UP - 10°
	100 to 120 KIAS - Flaps 10° - 20°
	Below 100 KIAS - Flaps FULL
3.	Touchdown ON MAINS
	(Hold nosewheel off the ground as long as possible)
4.	When nosewheel touches down, maintain full up elevator as airplane

 When nosewheel touches down, maintain full up elevator as airplane slows to stop.

ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM MALFUNCTIONS

M BUS VOLTS MORE THAN 32 OR M BAT AMPS MORE THAN 40

1. MASTER Switch (ALT Only) OFF

NOTE

The Main Battery supplies electrical power to the Main and Essential Buses until M BUS VOLTS decreases below 20 volts. When M BUS VOLTS falls below 20 volts, the Standby Battery System will automatically supply electrical power to the Essential Bus for at least 30 minutes.

(Continued Next Page)

2.

Ele	ectrical Load	EDUCE IMMEDIATELY as follows:
a.	AVIONICS Switch (BUS 1)	
b.	PITOT HEAT	
C.		
d.	LAND Light	
		(use as required for landing)
e.		
f.	NAV Lights	
g.	STROBE Lights	
h.	CARIN PWR 12V	

NOTE

Select COM1 MIC and NAV1 on the audio panel and tune to the active frequency before setting AVIONICS BUS 2 to OFF. If COM2 MIC and NAV2 are selected when AVIONICS BUS 2 is set to off, the COM and NAV radios cannot be tuned.

i.	COM1 and NAV1 TUNE TO ACTIVE FREQUE	ENCY
j.	COM1 MIC and NAV1SE	LECT
	(COM2 MIC and NAV2 will be inoperative	
	AVIONICS BUS 2 is selected to	OFF)

NOTE

When AVIONICS BUS 2 is set to OFF, the following items will not operate:

KAP 140 Autopilot GMA 1347 Audio Panel COMM 2 NAV 2

JMM 2 NAV

GTX 33 Transponder GDU 1040 MFD

k. AVIONICS Switch (BUS 2). OFF (KEEP ON if in clouds)

(Continued Next Page)

ABNORMAL LANDINGS/

GUIDANCE/ VACUUM

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ERF

M BUS VOLTS MORE THAN 32 OR M BAT AMPS MORE THAN 40 (Continued)

3. Land as soon as practical.

NOTE

Make sure a successful landing is possible before extending flaps. The flap motor is a large electrical load during operation.

LOW VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR COMES ON BELOW 1000 RPM

1	Throttle Control		1000 RPM
	Tillottic Control	" - () () () () () ()	CHECK OFF

2. Low Voltage Annunciator (LOW VOLTS)......CHECK OFF

LOW VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR REMAINS ON AT 1000 RPM

 Authorized maintenance personnel must do electrical system inspection prior to next flight.

LOW VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR COMES ON OR DOES NOT GO OFF AT HIGHER RPM

1	MASTER Switch (ALT Only)
2	Alternator Circuit Breaker (ALT FIELD)
2.	MASTER Switch (ALT and BAT)
3.	MASTER SWICH (ALI and BAT) CHECK DEE
4.	Low Voltage Annunciator (LOW VOLTS)
5.	M BUS VOLTS
6	M BAT AMPS CHECK CHARGING (+)

IF LOW VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR REMAINS ON

7. MASTER Switch (ALT Only) OFF

NOTE

The Main Battery supplies electrical power to the Main and Essential Buses until M BUS VOLTS decreases below 20 volts. When M BUS VOLTS falls below 20 volts, the Standby Battery System will automatically supply electrical power to the Essential Bus for at least 30 minutes.

(Continued Next Page)



8.

IF LOW VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR REMAINS ON (Continued)

Electrical Load REDUCE IMMEDIATELY as follows:		
a.	AVIONICS Switch (BUS 1) OFF	
b.	PITOT HEATOFF	
C.	BEACON Light OFF	
d.	LAND Light OFF	
	(Use as required for landing)	
e.	TAXI Light OFF	
f.	NAV Lights OFF	
g.	STROBE LightsOFF	
h.	CABIN PWR 12V OFF	

NOTE

Select COM1 MIC and NAV1 on the audio panel and tune to the active frequency before setting AVIONICS BUS 2 to OFF. If COM2 MIC and NAV2 are selected when AVIONICS BUS 2 is set to off, the COM and NAV radios cannot be tuned.

i.	COM1 and NAV1 TUNE TO ACTIVE FREQUENCY
j.	COM1 MIC and NAV1 SELECT
	(COM2 MIC and NAV2 will be inoperative once
	AVIONICS PUS 2 is selected to OFFY

NOTE

When AVIONICS BUS 2 is set to OFF, the following items will not operate:

KAP 140 Autopilot

GMA 1347 Audio Panel

COMM 2

NAV 2

GTX 33 Transponder

GDU 1040 MFD

k. AVIONICS Switch (BUS 2). OFF (KEEP ON if in clouds)

9. Land as soon as practical.

NOTE

Make sure a successful landing is possible before extending flaps. The flap motor is a large electrical load during operation.

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AIR DATA SYSTEM FAILURE

RED X - PFD AIRSPEED INDICATOR

(ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1) If open, reset (close) circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset.

2. Standby Airspeed Indicator USE FOR AIRSPEED INFORMATION

RED X - PFD ALTITUDE INDICATOR

(ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1) If open, reset (close) circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset.

2. Standby Altimeter CHECK current barometric pressure SET. USE FOR ALTITUDE INFORMATION.

ATTITUDE AND HEADING REFERENCE SYSTEM (AHRS) FAILURE

RED X - PFD ATTITUDE INDICATOR

(ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1) If open, reset (close) circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset.

2. Standby Attitude Indicator. USE FOR ATTITUDE INFORMATION

RED X - HORIZONTAL SITUATION INDICATOR (HSI)

(ESS BUS and AVN BUS 1) If open, reset (close) circuit breaker. If circuit breaker opens again, do not reset.

2. Non-Stabilized Magnetic Compass USE FOR HEADING INFORMATION





(Land as soon as practical)

DISPLAY COOLING ADVISORY

PFD1 COOLING OR MFD1 COOLING ANNUNCIATOR(S)

1.	Cabin Heat (CABIN HT)REDUCE
2.	Forward Avionics Fan
IF	FORWARD AVIONICS FAN HAS FAILED
3.	STBY BATT Switch OFF (Unless needed for emergency power)
GC	PFD1 COOLING OR MFD1 COOLING ANNUNCIATOR DOES NOT OFF WITHIN 3 MINUTES OR IF BOTH PFD1 COOLING AND MFD1 OOLING ANNUNCIATORS COME ON

VACUUM SYSTEM FAILURE

LOW VACUUM ANNUNCIATOR COMES ON

CAUTION

IF VACUUM POINTER IS OUT OF THE GREEN ARC DURING FLIGHT OR GYRO FLAG IS SHOWN ON THE STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATOR, THE STANDBY ATTITUDE INDICATOR MUST NOT BE USED FOR ATTITUDE INFORMATION.

1. Vacuum Indicator (VAC)......CHECK EIS SYSTEM page (Make sure vacuum pointer is in green arc limits)

GUIDANCE

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